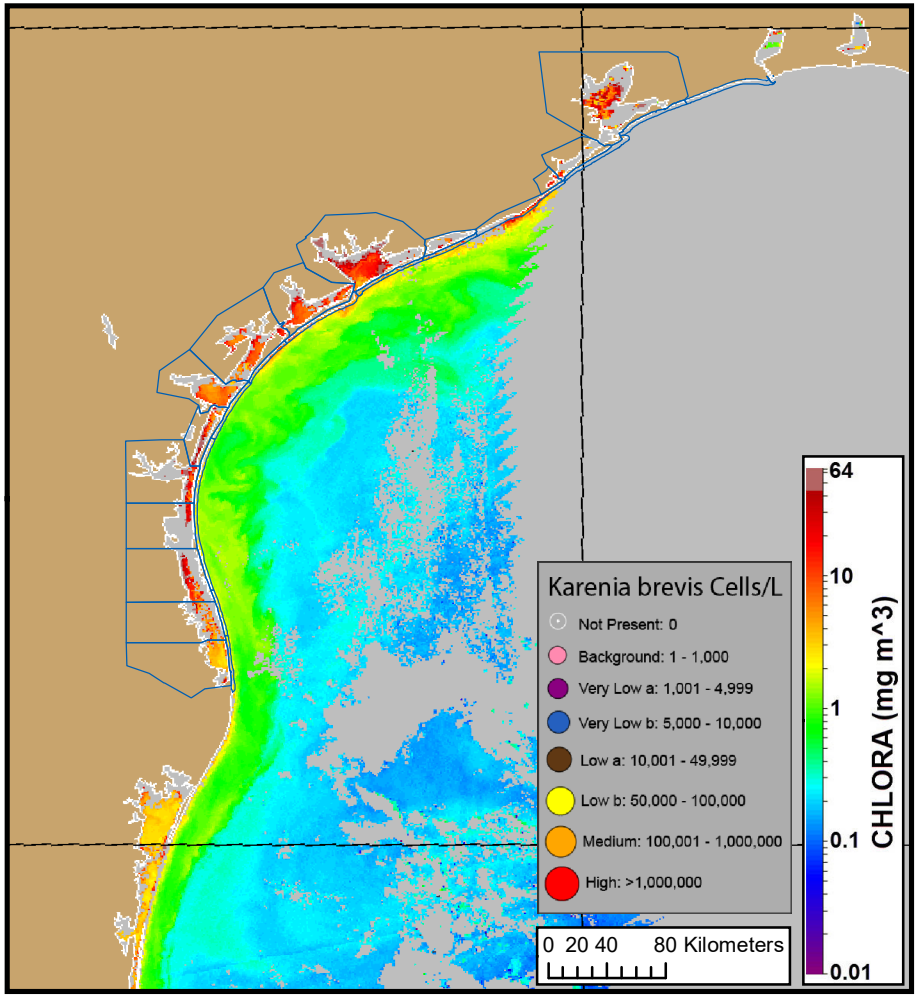
Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Monday, September 14, 2020
NOAA National Ocean Service
NOAA Satellite and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service

Region: Texas

Instructions for viewing this geospatial pdf are available at: https://go.usa.gov/xn9g2.



Karenia brevis cell concentration sampling data from: 09/04/20 through 09/10/20. Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/GOMX_HAB_Bulletin_Guide.pdf. Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department at: http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us./landwater/water/environconcerns/hab/redtide/status.phtml.

VIIRS satellite chlorophyll image (09/12/20) with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s).

Conditions Report

No respiratory irritation associated with *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as red tide) is expected in this region.

Analysis

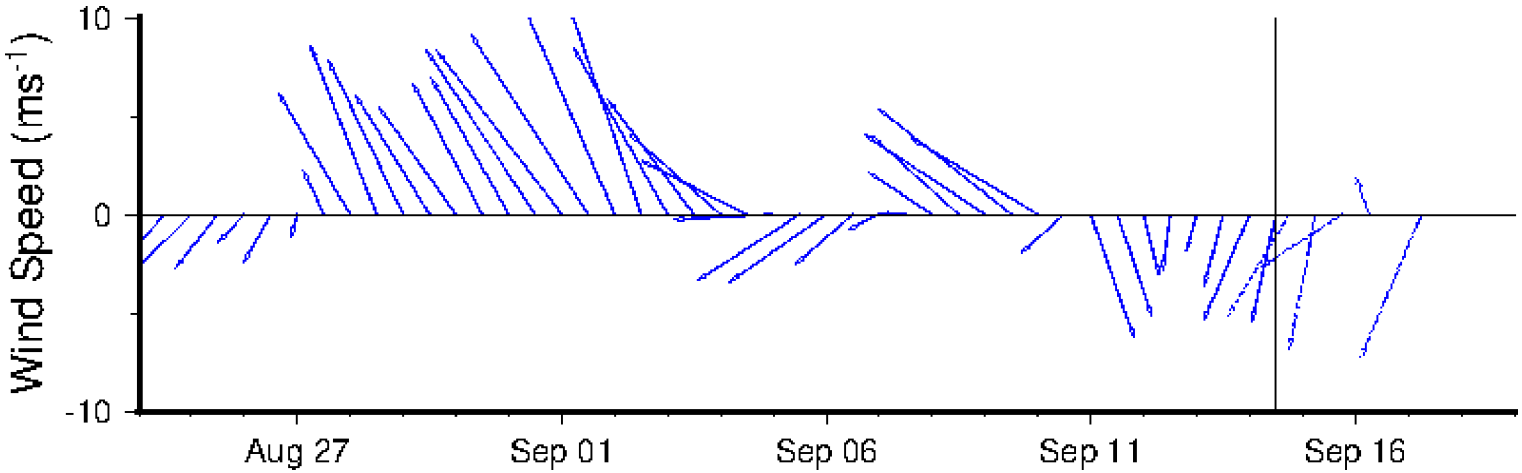
Imagery:

Recent ensemble imagery (VIIRS, 9/12) is obscured by clouds along the Texas coast from Sabine Pass to Surfside Beach, preventing analysis of that region. Elevated chlorophyll (2-5 µg/L) is present along the Texas coast from Surfside Beach to the Rio Grande. There are no patches of chlorophyll that contain the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* and elevated chlorophyll in this region is most likely due to the resuspension of benthic chlorophyll and sediments along the coast.

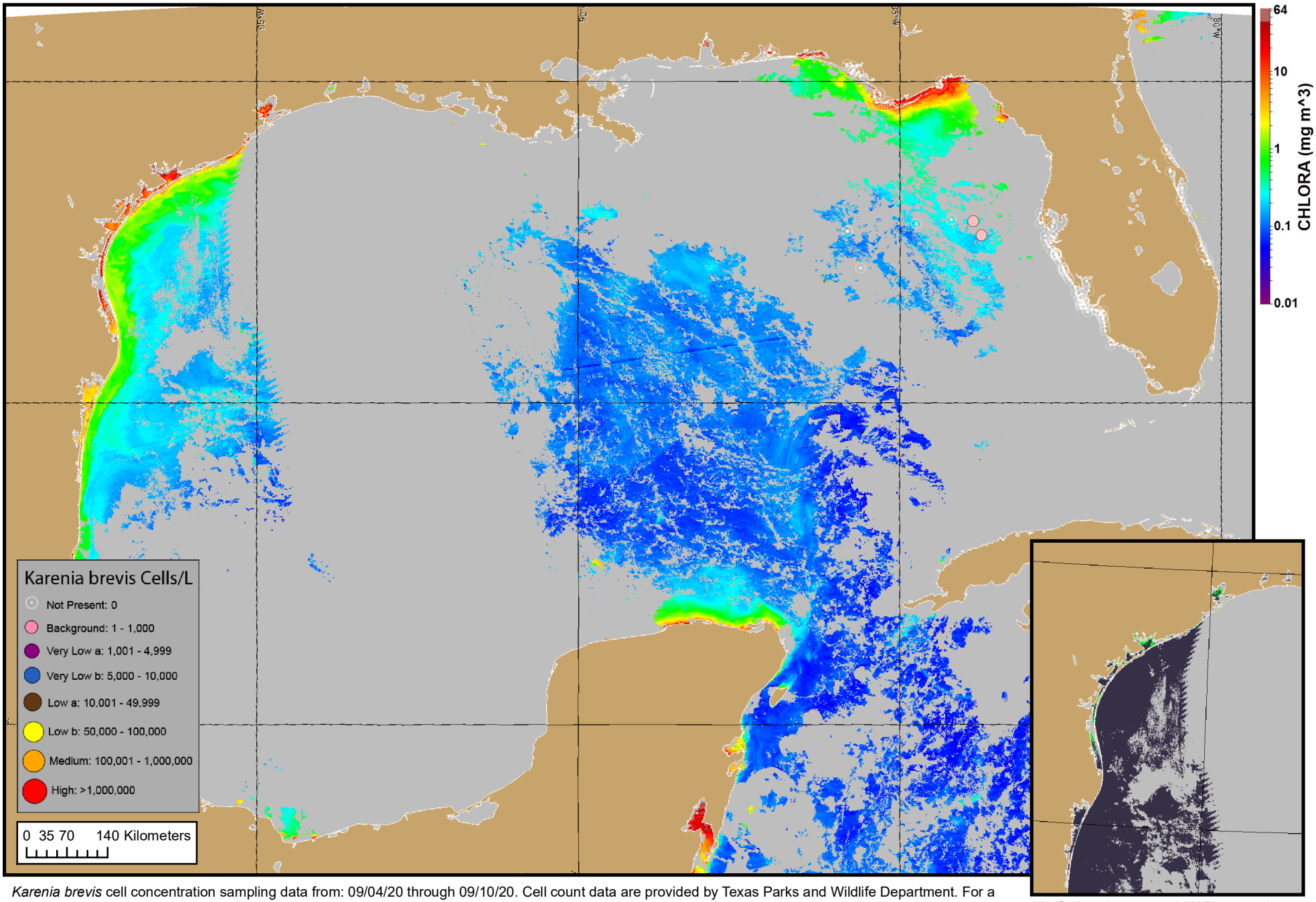
Additional satellite imagery available here: https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/gomx/data/Imagery-WesternGOMX/

Davis, Keeney

Wind conditions from Port Aransas-Coast, TX



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS). A text summary of the marine forecast by region is available from NWS at https://www.weather.gov/marine/stheastmz.



Karenia brevis cell concentration sampling data from: 09/04/20 through 09/10/20. Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/GOMX_HAB_Bulletin_Guide.pdf. Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department at: http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us./landwater/water/environconcerns/hab/redtide/status.phtml.

Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas with *K. brevis* optical characteristics shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).

VIIRS satellite chlorophyll image (09/12/20).