



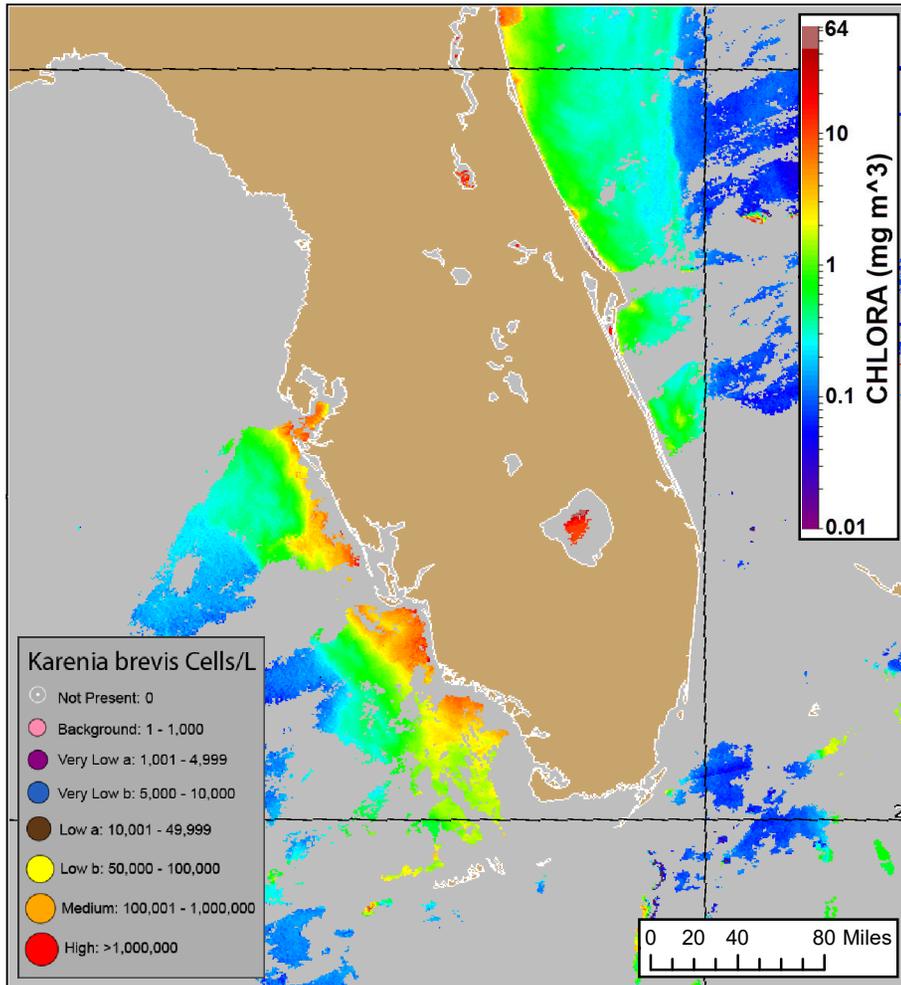
Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Tuesday, September 8, 2020
NOAA National Ocean Service
NOAA Satellite and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service

Region: Southwest Florida



Instructions for viewing this geospatial pdf are available at: <https://go.usa.gov/xn9g2>.



Karenia brevis cell concentration sampling data from: 08/30/20 through 09/03/20. Cell count data are provided by Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/GOMX_HAB_Bulletin_Guide.pdf. Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute: <http://myfwc.com/REDTIDESTATUS>.

VIIRS satellite chlorophyll image (09/05/20) with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s).

Conditions Report

Karenia brevis (commonly known as red tide) is not present along- and offshore portions of southwest Florida. No respiratory irritation associated with *K. brevis* is expected in this region.

Analysis

Recent ensemble imagery (VIIRS, 9/5) is partially obscured by clouds alongshore Lee County, preventing analysis of this region. Patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-9 µg/L) are present along- and offshore from Manatee to Charlotte, as well as Collier counties. Weak upwelling winds favorable for bloom formation at the coast were observed last week; though no significant increase in chlorophyll or patches containing the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* have been observed in recent imagery.

Forecasts:

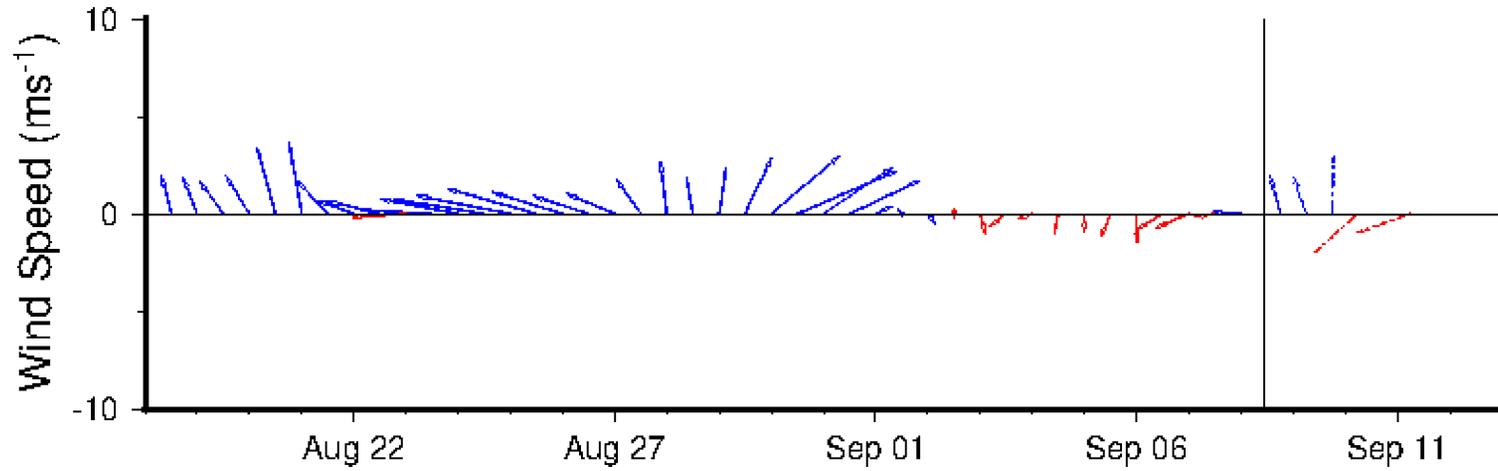
Harmful algal bloom formation at the coast of southwest Florida is not expected today through Monday, September 14.

Additional satellite imagery available here:

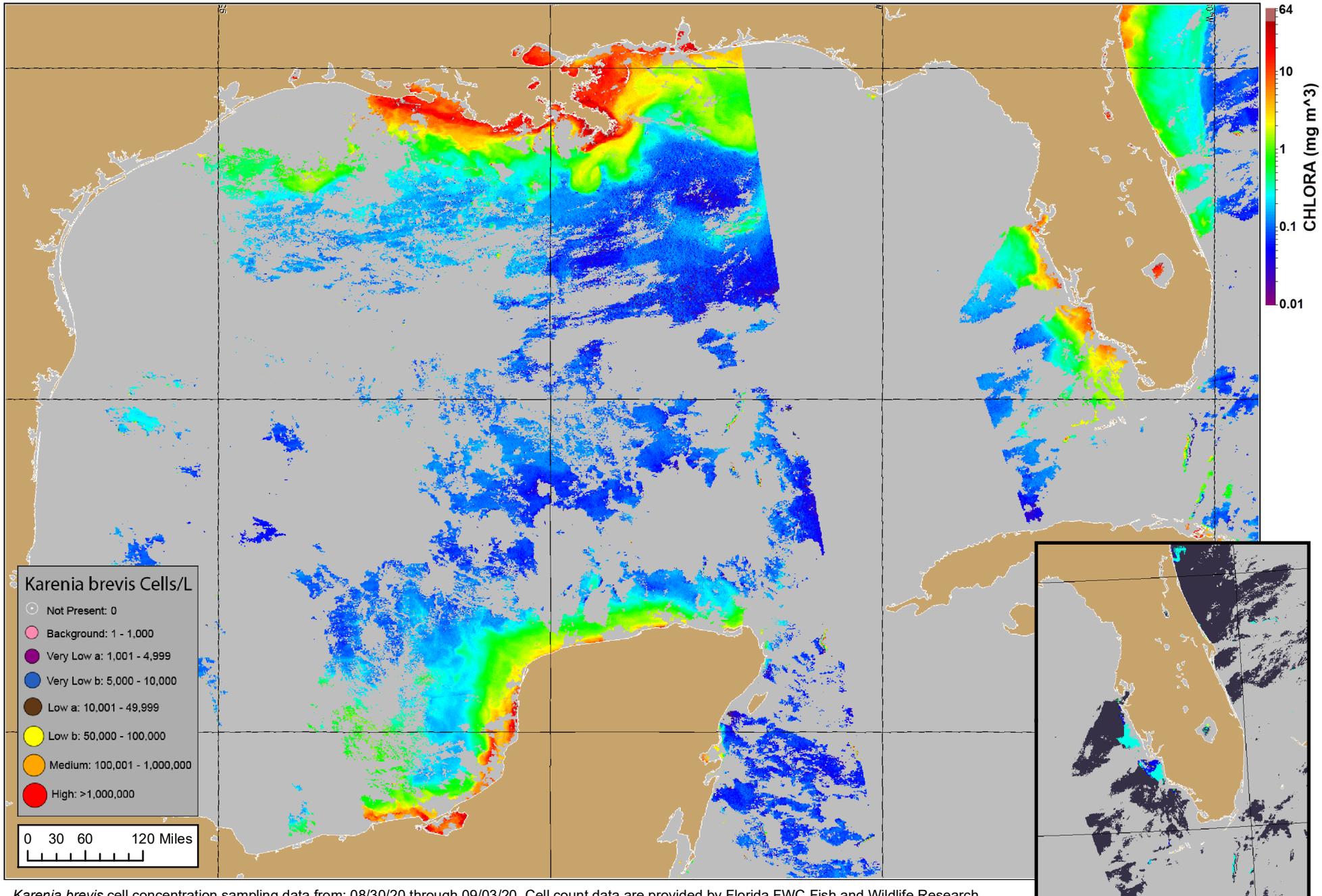
<https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/gomx/data/Imagery-EasternGOMX/>

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Wind conditions from Venice Pier, FL



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS). A text summary of the marine forecast by region is available from NWS at <https://www.weather.gov/marine/stheastmz>.



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Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas with *K. brevis* optical characteristics shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).