



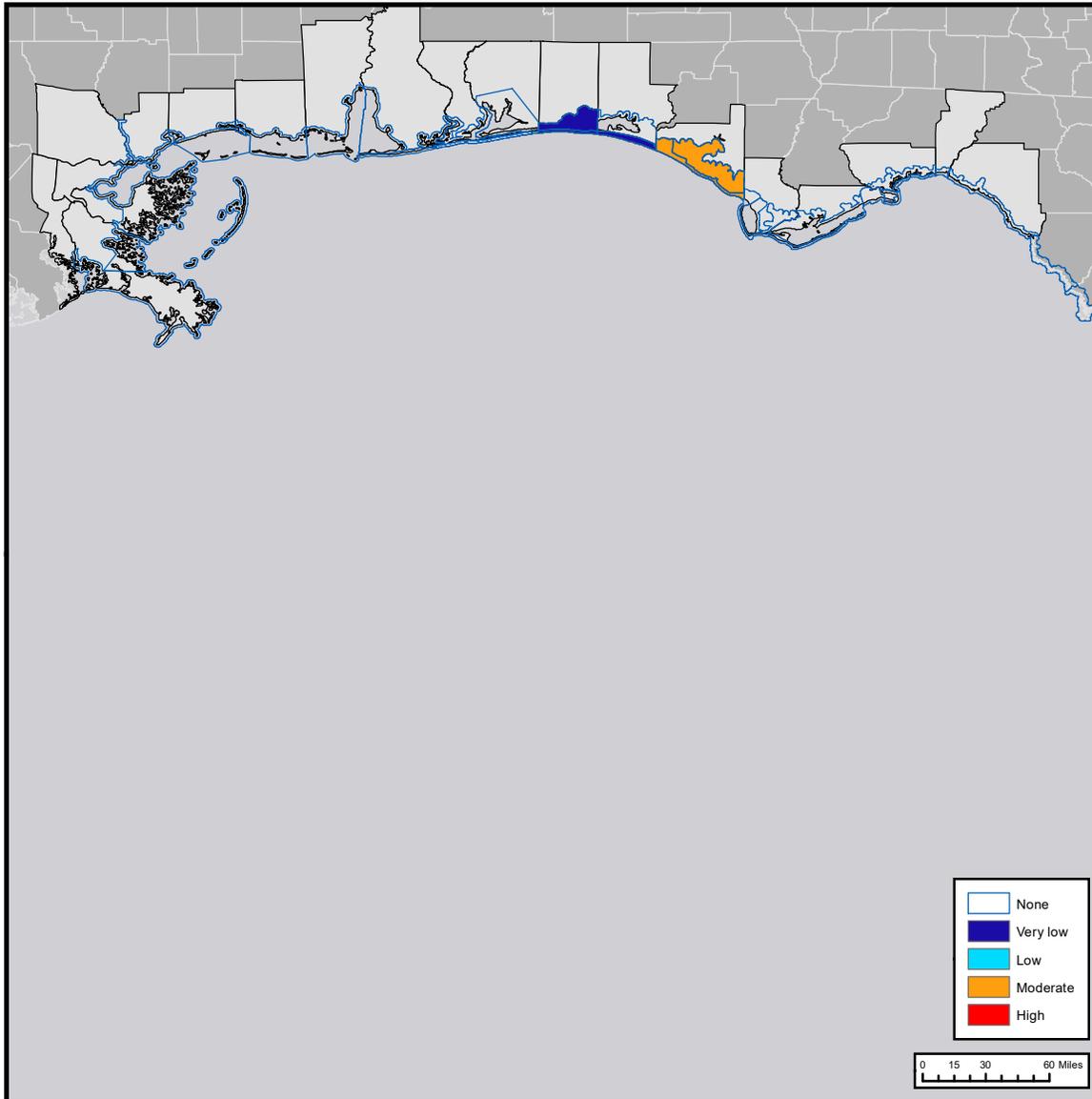
# Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Thursday, September 13, 2018  
 NOAA National Ocean Service  
 NOAA Satellite and Information Service  
 NOAA National Weather Service

## Region: Northwest Florida to Louisiana



Instructions for viewing this geospatial pdf are available at: <https://go.usa.gov/xn9g2>.



In the map above, the highest level of potential respiratory irritation forecast is displayed as a layer for each day from 09-13-18 to . See next page for a table of the respiratory irritation forecasts.

## Conditions Report

Not present to medium concentrations of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as red tide) are present along- and offshore portions of northwest Florida. *K. brevis* concentrations are patchy in nature and levels of respiratory irritation will vary locally based upon nearby bloom concentrations, ocean currents, and wind speed and direction.

### Recently Reported Impacts (Listed by County):

**Respiratory irritation:** None  
**Dead fish:** Bay

### Definition of respiratory irritation levels.

RESPIRATORY IRRITATION LEVEL	AFFECTED POPULATION				
	NONE	CHRONIC RESPIRATORY CONDITION	SENSITIVE TO RED TIDE	GENERAL PUBLIC (MILD SYMPTOMS)	GENERAL PUBLIC (INTENSE SYMPTOMS)
None	X				
Very low		X			
Low		X	X		
Moderate		X	X	X	
High		X	X	X	X

## Additional Resources

### Health Information:

**Florida Department of Health:**  
<http://www.floridahealth.gov/environmental-health/aquatic-toxins/red-tide.html>

**Other resources:** <https://go.usa.gov/xQNWp>

### Recent, Local Observations and Data:

**Mote Marine Laboratory Daily Beach Conditions:**

<http://visitbeaches.org>

**Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission:**

<http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus>

State Name	County Region	Thu 09/13	Fri 09/14	Sat 09/15	Sun 09/16	Mon 09/17		
	<b>ST. TAMMANY Parish-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>ORLEANS Parish-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>ST. BERNARD Parish-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>PLAQUEMINES Parish-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>HANCOCK County-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>HANCOCK County-Bay Regions</b>							
	<b>HARRISON County-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>East HARRISON County-Bay Regions</b>							
	<b>West HARRISON County-Bay Regions</b>							
	<b>JACKSON County-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>BALDWIN County-Gulf Coast</b>							
	<b>BALDWIN County-Bay Regions</b>							
	<b>MOBILE County-Gulf Coast</b>							

The table lists the highest level of potential respiratory irritation forecast. *K. brevis* concentrations are patchy in nature and levels of respiratory irritation will vary locally based upon nearby bloom concentrations, ocean currents, and wind speed and direction.

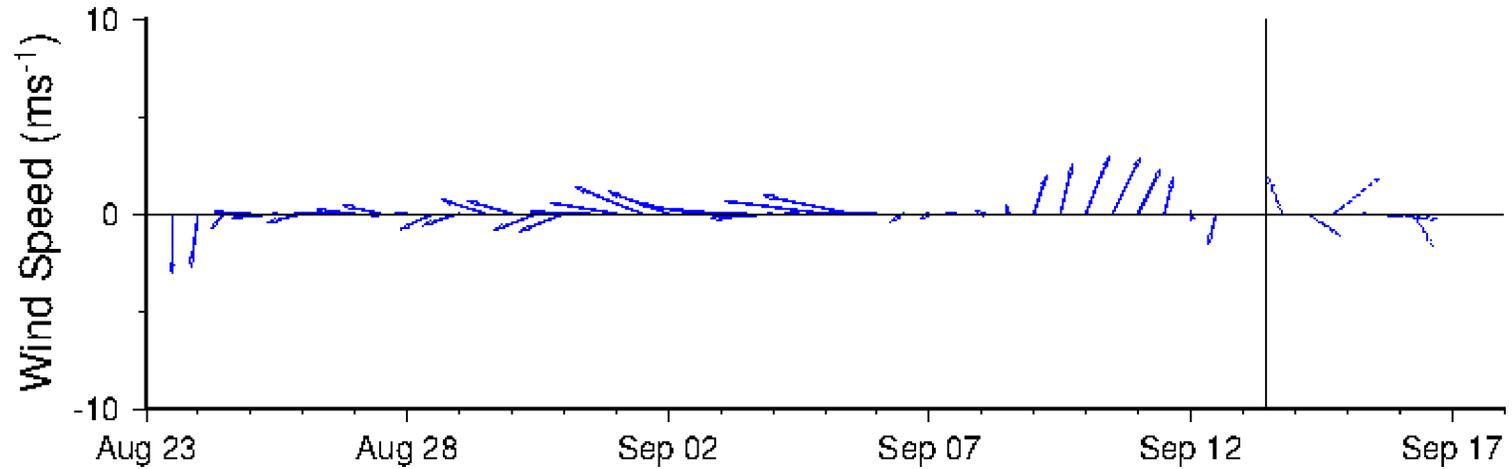
Cells are marked 'none' if *K. brevis* was detected, but no respiratory irritation is forecasted in the region. Cells are blank if no *K. brevis* has been detected in the region.

State Name	County Region	Thu 09/13	Fri 09/14	Sat 09/15	Sun 09/16	Mon 09/17		
	ESCAMBIA County-Gulf Coast	none	none	none	none	none		
	ESCAMBIA County-Bay Regions							
	SANTA ROSA County-Gulf Coast							
	SANTA ROSA County-Bay Regions							
	OKALOOSA County-Gulf Coast	very low						
	OKALOOSA County-Bay Regions	very low						
	WALTON County-Gulf Coast	very low						
	WALTON County-Bay Regions							
	BAY County-Gulf Coast	moderate	moderate	moderate	moderate	moderate		
	BAY County-Bay Regions	moderate	moderate	moderate	moderate	moderate		
	GULF County-Gulf Coast							
	GULF County-Bay Regions							
	FRANKLIN County-Gulf Coast							
	FRANKLIN County-Bay Regions							
	WAKULLA County-Gulf Coast							
	WAKULLA County-Bay Regions							
	JEFFERSON County-Gulf Coast							
	TAYLOR County-Gulf Coast							

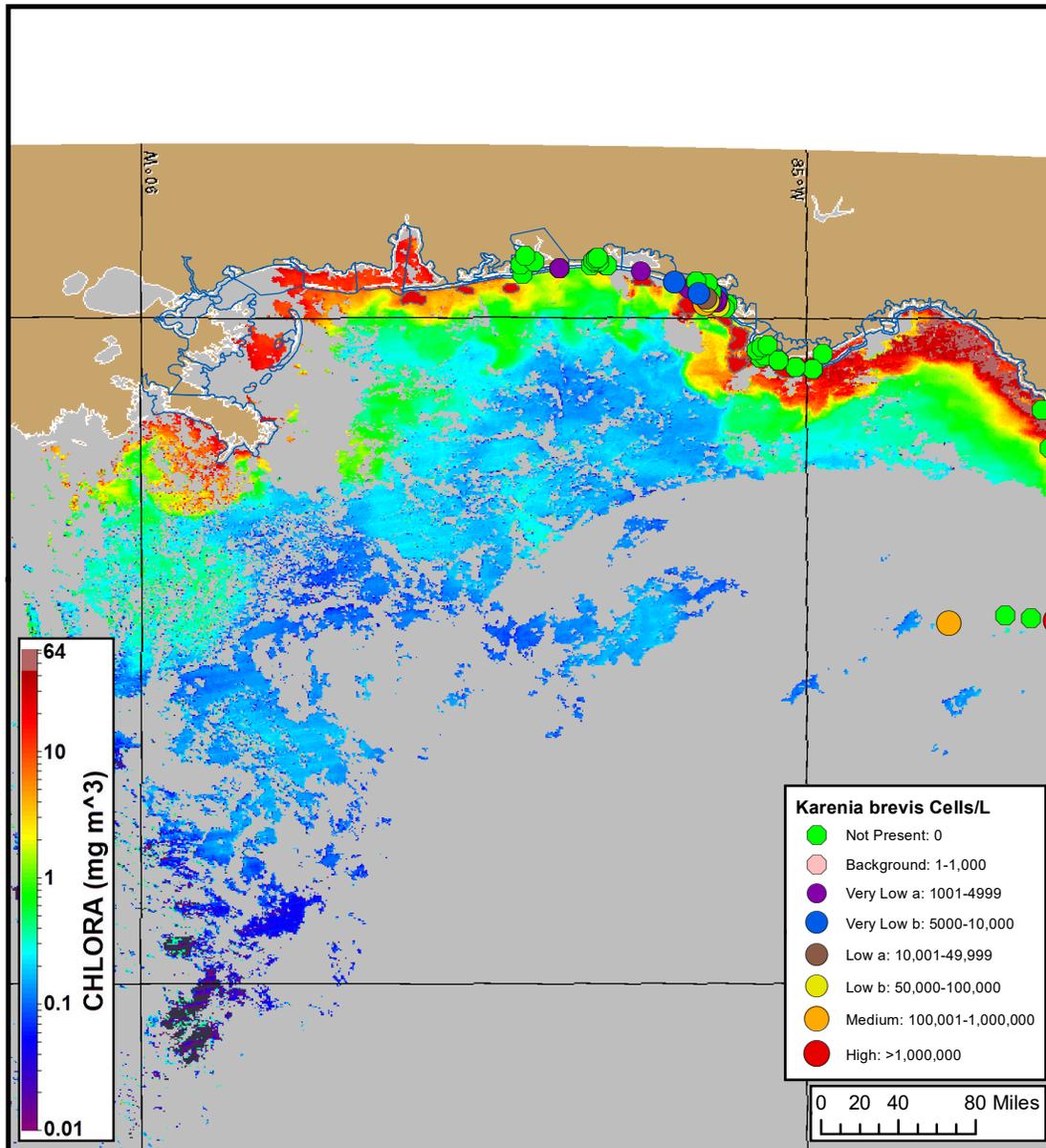
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### Wind conditions from Panama City Beach, FL



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS). A text summary of the marine forecast by region is available from NWS at <https://go.usa.gov/xnx4X>.



*Karenia brevis* cell concentration sampling data from: 09/04/18 through 09/11/18. Cell count data are provided by Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: [https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab\\_publication/GOMX\\_HAB\\_Bulletin\\_Guide.pdf](https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/GOMX_HAB_Bulletin_Guide.pdf). Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute: <http://myfwc.com/REDTIDESTATUS>.

MODIS Aqua satellite chlorophyll image (09/11/18) with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s).

## Analysis

### Summary of Recent Water Samples:

#### ***K. brevis* Cell Concentrations:**

**Range:** Not Present through High

**Date:** 09/04-09/11

**Source:** FWRI, MML

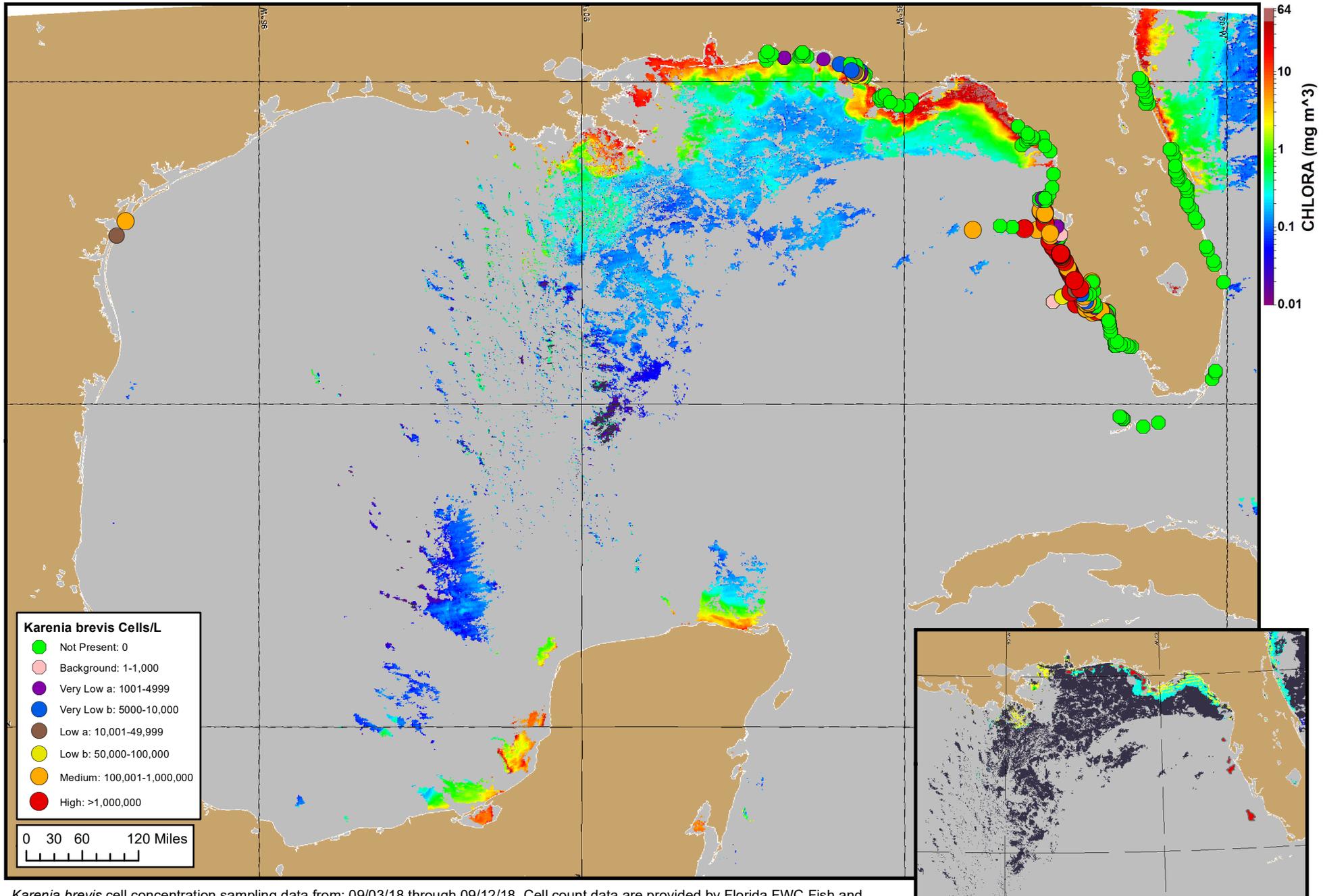
### Imagery:

In recent ensemble imagery (MODIS Aqua, 9/11), patches of elevated to very high chlorophyll (2 to >20  $\mu\text{g/L}$ ) with the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* are visible along- and offshore northwest Florida from Franklin to Escambia counties, and Baldwin County in Alabama. Sampling in Baldwin and Mobile counties is recommended.

### Forecasts:

Winds forecast today through Monday (9/13-17) will promote eastward transport of surface *K. brevis* concentrations.

Davis, Yang



*Karenia brevis* cell concentration sampling data from: 09/03/18 through 09/12/18. Cell count data are provided by Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: [https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab\\_publication/GOMX\\_HAB\\_Bulletin\\_Guide.pdf](https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/GOMX_HAB_Bulletin_Guide.pdf). Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Florida FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute: <http://myfwc.com/REDTIDESTATUS>.

MODIS Aqua satellite chlorophyll image (09/11/18).

Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas with *K. brevis* optical characteristics shown in yellow (see p. 4 analysis for interpretation).